POLICY PLATFORM

I. PROVIDE SAFETY FOR INCARCERATED INDIVIDUALS RELEASED DURING COVID-19.

PROVIDE IDENTIFICATION UPON RELEASE
Service providers report that individuals are being released from Rikers Island without their personal belongings, including IDs; and many people lack valid identification to begin with. ID cards are critical for accessing housing and public benefits, and the lack of these documents can lead to further police abuse.

An executive order by Mayor Bill de Blasio or the Human Resources Administration (HRA) Commissioner Steve Banks, followed by interagency collaboration, could ensure that every person released from Rikers Island is equipped with IDNYC, Mayor de Blasio’s signature municipal identification card program.

EFFECTIVELY TRANSITION PEOPLE’S HEALTHCARE FROM RIKERS TO THEIR COMMUNITY
Individuals have been released from Rikers Island without sufficient medication or immediate access to Medicaid coverage. Many service providers are unable to quickly access health records, rendering them unable to meet clients’ needs, particularly for those who struggle with mental health issues and substance abuse.

Executive action by the Mayor and practice change at the Department of Correction (DOC) and Correctional Health Services (CHS) could ensure continuity of care between correctional and community settings. State departments may play a key role, too. Mayor Bill de Blasio, Department of Correction Commissioner Cynthia Brann, and Senior Vice President for Correctional Health Services Patsy Yang can make the healthcare transition smoother.

TEST EVERY INDIVIDUAL FOR COVID-19 DURING DISCHARGE PROCESS
The COVID-19 infection rate on Rikers Island has been several times higher than that in the whole of New York City, the epicenter of the pandemic. Conditions in the jails do not allow for physical distancing. Individuals are not tested for COVID-19 as they are released, putting families, other housing situations, and whole neighborhoods at risk.

DOC, CHS, and city and state health departments can test every individual during the discharge process. While the Governor can help supply tests, this will ultimately require the cooperation of three agency leaders who report to Mayor de Blasio: Cynthia Brann of the Department of Correction (DOC), Mitchell Katz of NYC Health + Hospitals (which includes Correctional Health Services), and Oxiris Barbot of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH).

II. UNLOCK HOUSING SUPPLY FOR JUSTICE-INVOLVED INDIVIDUALS AND THEIR FAMILIES.

END NYCHA PERMANENT EXCLUSIONS
When a public housing resident is arrested, the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA) can initiate eviction proceedings against their families unless they commit to excluding the arrested
individual. People with criminal records are excluded from NYCHA for 3-5 years. While NYCHA’s Family Reunification Pilot Program has been successful, it has run out of funding.

Ending NYCHA Permanent Exclusion will require regulatory changes mandated by Vicki Been, Deputy Mayor of Housing and Economic Development, and/or Greg Russ, the chair of the housing authority.

REFORM CHRONICITY CRITERIA
Individuals who are jailed for 90+ days do not meet the federal government’s definition for chronic homelessness, excluding them from federally funded supportive housing. Legislation from Congress and a new rule from the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) would revise the criteria to expand housing opportunities for those who need support services.

The Mayor’s Office of Intergovernmental Affairs (MOIGA), led by Lydon Sleeper, can make this a priority for the City in Washington, D.C.

INCREASE THE SUPPLY AND VALUE OF HOUSING VOUCHERS + COMBAT LANDLORD DISCRIMINATION
Advocates believe that the City continues to hold onto rental housing assistance vouchers during the COVID-19 crisis even though they could immediately secure permanent housing for people experiencing housing insecurity. The City’s own voucher program does not meet fair market value, rendering them useless for many.

Through executive action, Mayor Bill de Blasio can command several city agencies to make the vouchers available immediately and lengthen the time by which they must be used. The City Council, led by Speaker Corey Johnson, can pass legislation that increases voucher value and that bans property owners and their contractors from considering criminal records when leasing housing units. Council Member Stephen Levin is taking a leading role in fair chance housing legislation.

LEVERAGE CITY/STATE FUNDS TO CREATE NEW JUSTICE-INVOLVED SUPPORTIVE, TRANSITIONAL, AND AFFORDABLE HOUSING
While the City has master-leased hotels to provide emergency housing for some released from jails, there is no pathway to permanent housing for these individuals. The Mayor and City Council can increase funding in the current fiscal year for developing transitional housing, supportive housing, and extremely affordable permanent housing. This could mean focusing on Justice-Involved Supportive Housing that avoids federal restrictions and moving up the allocation of $25 million promised in the Close Rikers Points of Agreement from FY22.

Mayor Bill de Blasio, Deputy Mayor Vicki Been, and commissioners for housing, health, and social services must act from the executive side. In addition to City Council Speaker Corey Johnson, members such as Stephen Levin, Vanessa Gibson, Daniel Dromm, and Brad Lander have been vocal on the relevant spending issues.

III. DEVELOP A COORDINATED REENTRY SYSTEM ACCOUNTABLE TO THE WELL-BEING OF EACH PERSON.

No one agency or individual is accountable for leading reentry services nor held accountable to the outcomes of individuals once released from jail. The Mayor can appoint a ‘czar’ to create a unified re-entry system that coordinates the actions of the Department of Correction, Mayor’s Office of Criminal Justice, Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, Department of Social
Services, and Department of Housing Preservation and Development. The City Council can codify changes into law to outlast this administration.

Ultimately, Mayor Bill de Blasio must take a leading role in such interagency coordination. Codifying changes will need to involve chairs from the committees on public safety, criminal justice, and the justice system—Donovan Richards, Keith Powers, and Rory Lancman.